Comparison of IEP and 504 Plan

An IEP (Individualized Education Program under IDEA - Individuals with Disabilities Education Act) is a legal document that promotes more effective progress through a standard public school curriculum for a student who meets the criteria for special education services.

- Requires that the child be fully and comprehensively evaluated by a multidisciplinary team.
- Requires informed and written parental consent.
- Requires a reevaluation of the child at least once every three years, or if conditions warrant a reevaluation, or if the child's parent or teacher requests a reevaluation.
- Provides for independent evaluation at the district's expense if parents disagree with first evaluation.
- Does not require reevaluation before a significant change in placement.

A 504 plan (Section 504 of The Rehabilitation Act of The Americans with Disabilities Act) extends civil rights to students with a physical or mental impairment in order for them to more equitably access their public school curriculum.

- Evaluation draws on information from a variety of sources and is documented.
- Decisions about the child, evaluation data, and placement options are made by knowledgeable individuals. Such
 decisions do not require written consent of the parents, only that the parents are notified.
- Requires "periodic" reevaluation.
- No provisions made for independent evaluation at school's expense.
- Requires reevaluation before a significant change in placement.

	IEP	504 Plan
Definition	A written plan/program developed by the schools	A plan, not necessarily written, developed to
	special education team with input from the parents	ensure that individuals who have a disability
	and specifies the student's academic goals and the	identified under the law and are attending school
	method to obtain these goals.	receive the accommodations to ensure their access
		to the learning environment.
Purpose	To ensure that children with disabilities have	To protect individuals with disabilities throughout
	available to them a free appropriate public	their lives, in any type of school, employment,
	education that emphasizes special education and	health/welfare program, or social service. (e.g.,
	related services designed to meet their unique needs	accommodations for accessing general education
	and prepare them for future education, employment	curriculum or program)
	and independent living	
Eligibility	Be between the ages of 3 and 21;	Less specific; Available to individuals with a
	Have identified disability from specified categories	physical or mental impairment that substantially
	(e.g., autism, deafness, emotional disturbance,	limits a major life activity or is regarded as
	specific learning disability, visual impairment)	handicapped by others (e.g., walking, seeing,
		hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, working,
		caring for oneself, and performing manual tasks.)
Evaluation	Requires (a) the child be fully and comprehensively	Requires diagnosis of disability; Does not require
	evaluated by a multidisciplinary team; (b) informed	formal testing; Determination based on
	and written parental consent; (c) reevaluation of the	information from a variety of sources and is
	child at least once every three years, or if	documented; Timelines and procedures for
	conditions warrant a reevaluation, or if the child's	conducting evaluations and notifying parents are
	parent or teacher requests a reevaluation.	not dictated by the law.
Legal Oversight	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA;	Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act (Civil Rights
	Education Law)	Law)
Contents	Specified by law (e.g., present levels of	No legal requirements for what should be included
	performance, goals, objectives, accommodations,	
	transport needs)	
Testing	Standardized testing accommodations available for	Standardized testing accommodations available for
	classroom and statewide testing	classroom and statewide testing
Funding	Federal funding	No federal funding